OT ALCOHOLIC.

A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
ECETABLE EXTRACT!
A PURE TONIC.
DR. HOOFLAND'S
ERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY
DR. C. M. JACKSON,
HILADELPHIA, PENN.,
WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
ER COMPLAINT,
DYSPEPSIA,
JAUNDICE,
nic or Nervous Debility, Diseases
of the Kidneys, and all diseases
arising from a disordered
Liver or Stomach.

such
as Const-
pation, Inward
Piles, Fullness of Blood
to the Head, Acidity of the
Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Dis-
gust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the
Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Flutter-
ing at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head,
Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart,
Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying pos-
ture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the
Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Defi-
ciency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin
and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back,
Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes
of Heat, Burning in the Flesh,
Constant Imaginings of
Evil and great De-
pression of
Spirits.

I positively prevent Yellow Fever, Bilious
Fever, &c.

THEY CONTAIN
ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKY!

I cure the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out
of a hundred.

ER by the extraordinary and universal popularity
ofland's German Bitters, purely vegetable, I have
nt Unscrupulous and unprincipled adventurers have
in suffering humanity the blood-gates of Nos-
the shape of poor Whiskey, duly compounded
rious drugs and adulterated Tonics, Stimulants
c.

of the innumerable array of Alcoholic prepara-
thoric bitters and life bullet heads under the
ppellation of Bitters which instead of curing
ate disease, and leave the disappointed sufferer

ofland's German Bitters!

e or and nutried article, but have stood the test
ars trial by the American public; and their
and sale are not rivalled by any similar pre-
prietors have thousands of letters from the most

ERGYMEN,
LAWYERS,
PHYSICIANS
and
CITIZENS,

of their own personal knowledge, to the bene-
and medical virtues of these Bitters.

want something to strengthen you?
want a good appetite?
want to build up your constitution?
want to feel well?
want to get rid of nervousness?
want energy?
want to sleep well?
want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

C. Nestler Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge,

nut disposed to favor or recommend Paten
generally, through distrust of their ingredi-
I yet know of no sufficient reason why a man,
ity to the benefits he believes himself to be
in any simple preparation, in the hope that he
benefiting others to the benefit of others.
the most ready instance in Hoofland's Ger-
prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city,
s prejudiced against them for many years,
pression that they were chiefly an alcoholic
he indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker,
removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and
ment of my friends, when suffering from great
ilitated debility. The use of three bottles of
at the beginning of the present year, was
ect relief, and restoration to a degree of
ental vigor which I had not felt for six months
and almost despaired of regaining. I, there-
feel making friend for directing me to the use

J. NEWTON BROWN.

HIA, June 23, 1861.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

new preparations sold under the name of Bit-
in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest
mon rum, costing from 30 to 40 cents per
de-signated by Anise or Coriander Seed.
f Bitters has caused, and will continue to
to the extent he said, hundreds to die the death
d. Their use like poison, is kept continu-
influence of Alcoholic Constituents of the worst
re for Liquor is created and kept up, and the
all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's

o desire and will have a Liquor Bitters,
following receipt. Get One Bottle Hoof-
man's Bitters and mix with Three
Good Brandy or Whiskey, and the
preparation that will far excel in medical
excellence any of the pernicious Liquor Bit-
, and will cost much less. You will
tures of Hoofland's Bitters in connec-
and article of Liquor at a much less price
or preparations will cost you.

TENTION, SOLDIERS!

E FRIENDS OF SOLDIERS.

ttention of all having relations or friends
the fact that HOOFLAND'S German Bit-
nine-tenths of the diseases induced by ex-
ositions incident to camp life. In the lists,
st daily in the newspapers, or the arrival of
be notified that a very large proportion are
bility. Every case of that kind can be
Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases re-
orders of the digestive organs are speedily
very no hesitation in stating that, if these
ly used among our soldiers, hundreds of
ved that otherwise will be lost.
ular attention to the following remarkable
ficated over of one of the nation's heroes,
e his own language, "has been saved by

PHILADELPHIA, August 23, 1862.

Dear Sir.—Well, gentlemen, your Hoof-
ters has saved my life. There is no mis-
is vouched for by numbers of my com-
whose names are appended, and who were
of all the circumstances of my case. Last,
r the last four years, a member of Shor-
battery, and under the immediate com-
R. B. Ayres. Through the exposure at-
y arduous duties, I was attacked in No-
inflammation of the lungs, and was for
e in the hospital. This was followed by
eightened by an attack of dysentery. I
d from the 95th Pa. Regt., and sent to this
steamer *State of Maine*, from which I
k of June. Since that time I have been
no one could hear) still retaining a spark of vital-
or more I was scarcely able to swallow
I did force a morsel down, it was immedi-
again.
n I took a glass of water on my stomach.
under these circumstances; and, accord-
ons who had been working faithfully,
fully, to rescue me from the grasp of the
ckly told me they could do no more for
me to see a clergyman, and to make such
limited limits as God limited me. An
visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick
e below Arch Street, advised me, as a
try your Bitters, and kindly procured
e time I commenced taking them the
death receded, and I am now, thank
better. Though I had taken but two
ined ten pounds, and I feel sanguine of
rejoin my wife and daughter, from
ast nothing for eighteen months; for,
loyal Virginian, from the vicinity of
your favorable Bitters I owe the ser-
is has taken the place of vague fears.
ll I owe the glorious privilege of again
om those who are dearest to me in life.
ruly yours, ISAAC MALONE.
in the truth of the above statement, as
of seeing our comrade, Mr. Malone, re-

UDDLEBACK, 1st Tow York Battery.
A. ACKLEY Co. C 11th Maine.
PHINGHAM, 2d New York.
FENCH, 1st Artillery Battery F.
ASEWELL, Co. B, 3d Vermont.
B. JEROME Co. D; do.
T. MACDONALD, Co. C, 6th Maine.
WARD, Co. E, 5th Maine.
N KOCH, Co. H, 52d New York.
MIEL B. THOMAS, Co. E, 95th Penn.
W J. KIMBALL, Co. A, 3d Vermont.
ENKINS, Co. B, 104th Penn.

e of Counterfeits!

signature of "C. M. JACK
o Wrapper of each bottle.
by Druggists and Dealers in every town

SMITH & DAVIS,
l, Oregon, Sole Agents for the State

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. III. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1863. NO. 115

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK,
Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, (Sunday excepted), and furnished to subscribers in Portland at Thirty-seven and a half Cents per week, payable, to the carrier. It will be forwarded to any part of the State by Mail at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Advertisements—Five Lines, (nonpareil), per week $2 50; Each additional Five lines 50 cents.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, payable in advance.

Wholesale agent, Hedges & Co's Drug Store.

BUSINESS CARDS.

RICHARDS & McCRAKEN,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Fruit,
SALT, LIME, CEMENT AND PLASTER,

Attend to the sale of Oregon Produce in the San Francisco, Victoria and Portland markets; also, give particular attention to the purchase of Merchandise of every description, in the New York, San Francisco, Victoria and Portland markets; and to forwarding goods in, from, or to any of the above cities.

James R. Richards, 13 Clay street, San Francisco. John McCraken, Steamship Landing, Front st, Portland.

Portland, July 5, 1862. dawly

HENRY LAW,
Commission Merchant
AND PRODUCE DEALER,
Front street, Portland.

FLOUR, FEED AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS CONstantly on hand and for sale.

Also, a complete assortment of EASTERN and OREGON SMOKE SYRUPS for sale.

Consignments of Produce solicited. Builder

A. J. KANE.

HILL & KANE,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Every Description of Merchandise,
GRAND RONDE LANDING,
(Six Miles below the Mouth of Lewis River.)

MESSRS. HILL & KANE call the attention of Merchants and Shippers generally, to their locality, as the only one available, for conducting the necessary business for easy and prompt access with the best farming Regions of Washington Territory. Traders and Shippers can be supplied with all goods necessary for the same at the lowest rates; All goods consigned to them will meet with proper attention.

References:

PORTLAND.
M. W. Corbett, Ladd & Co.
Barnes & McCraken, Corbett, Cook & Ryan,
W. C. Bradley & Co.
Ainsworth & Co.
O. Humason.

F. GIORCIANI & CO.,
Dealers in All Kinds of
Produce & Groceries,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL;
Oregon & California Vegetables,
By every Steamer, and at Low Market Rates,
FIRST STREET,
Next Door to the Portland Market.

The Highest Cash Price paid for ONIONS.

We will pay Cash for all Country Produce, Fruit, Vegetables, etc.

HAMILTON & COULSON,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,

Will practice in partnership in the Courts of Oregon Territory, and United States District Court for Oregon.

Our correspondents at San Francisco and East of the Cascades, gives us facilities for COLLECTIONS, which will receive prompt attention.

Will NEGOTIATE LOANS secured on unincumbered real estate. Persons purchasing Real Estate would do well to take advantage of us before closing, as we have an Abstract of Titles to Real Estate, Mortgages and Liens kept up with County Records.

We attend to and instructions given for persons taking up or pre-emption and the Homestead Law.

Office on FRONT STREET, east side, corner of Alder.

DR. G. GLENN,
DENTIST,
CAN NOW BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE IN Portland, fully prepared with a large assortment of superior Dental Materials, just received from New York, to perform all the operations in the line which he may tender on to perform at reasonable rates.

Jan. 9, 1862.

U. S.
Assessor's Office,
31 FRONT ST., Up-Stairs.

Ship Chandlery for Sale

PURCHASE BLOCKS, &c.,
SMALL ANCHORS,
Also, LIME, CEMENT, and CALCINED PLASTER.

Between Second and Third sts., on Taylor
Opposite H. E. Church, by

Portland, 1861. D. F. SMITH.

C. W. BURRAGE,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,

Will receive the patronage of those desiring work in his line.

Office Stark and Sixth streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

February 10th, 1862. daw3m*

UMATILLA OR COLUMBIA CITY.

M. AINSA,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 18 Front Street,
UMATILLA, OREGON.

MR. M. AINSA has established himself at the above City, and will do a large warehouse for the transaction of a Commission, Storage and Forwarding Business. No storage will be charged on goods sold on commission. Sales will be strictly for cash, and returns will be made immediately after sales.

REFERENCES—Richards McCraken, Portland. Barnes & Co., Portland. W. W. Chapman, Umatilla City. Gilbert & Co., Umatilla City. Wm. Gilbert

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 19 1863

No flag but the Old Flag—the Red White and Blue
With the stars of a Union unbroken and true!
Arise and defend it ye sons of liberty!
Whose blood bought the banner your valor must save

The News

Nothing of special interest will be found in this morning's dispatch. There is no apparent reason to feel anxiety as to the position of our troops at Vicksburg, nor do the rebel chiefs seem disposed to interfere with Hooker's advance in Virginia. It is possible that Lee has employed so much of his force in other directions, that he is only seeking to make a show against Hooker, hoping in the meantime that the detachments sent elsewhere will accomplish something which will be more than equivalent for that sacrifice of the position south of Fredericksburg. It is not likely, however, that the raid attempted towards Maryland and Pennsylvania will amount to anything, and as to the sending of any part of his force to reinforce the besieged garrison at Vicksburg, so much suspected, we presume that was not proposed, for many reasons, and if it was, we have no doubt that it has been found impracticable on account of the immense distance, feeble means of transportation and the risk of dividing his force not now so numerous as to be capable of being safely subdued.

The Ohio Democrats have made a deity of Vallandigham, and show their own baseness by bowing down before it. If the idol is so degraded and shameless, what must the worshippers be? Perhaps Ohio can, in the absence of her brave troops, furnish voters enough to elect the King Copperhead as their Governor, though we greatly doubt it, but if they should, thousands of the loyal sons of the Buckeye State will be ready to blush in her behalf, and in shame and mortification, to go backward and cover her nakedness. We still think no such blot will ever stain her patriotic fame, but that with sublime and loyal devotion, her Union men will unite in such an earnest conflict against treason, as shall insure the vindication of the gallant Burnside, the condemnation of the avowed traitor, and his banishment to a deserved infamy, deep and everlasting.

CUSTOM HOUSE AWARD.—The *Union* reports that at the primary meetings in San Francisco, last Wednesday, the Custom House delegates, being of course in favor of Low, the Collector, for Governor, were elected. It is now considered certain that he will be nominated in the Convention, unless the members from the rural districts, where Custom House influence is not felt, shall repudiate the official management which has been used. It is greatly to be feared, however, that this attempt at dictation will greatly weaken the Union party and perhaps endanger its success. Especially if the Democrats, as now seems likely, should fuse thoroughly and effectually. We hope, however, that the Federal officers will bear their honors gently, and not at once kill the goose that lays golden eggs for them.

REBEL WRATH.—A Union soldier, writing from Suffolk, Va., to his home in Massachusetts, says:

You ought to see the rebels here. They are willing to endure anything to help their cause. All are alike, from the baby up to the gray headed man; they hate us with all the bitterness imaginable.

Can we not profit by the example of our enemies, and emulate their earnestness and determination of purpose? So far as their hatred of us is concerned, the fact cannot be questioned; and we commend it to the attention of those men in the North who are so anxious for a humiliating peace, and who contend that from a cessation of hostilities a compromise would result.

GOOD FOR THE SOLDIERS.—We are glad for the sake of the brave boys who have volunteered on this coast to be able to mention that the Army Paymaster at San Francisco received last week a letter from the Paymaster General of the United States, informing him that it has been decided to pay half the dues of the private soldiers on the Pacific coast in coin, the order to take effect immediately.

LETTER FROM JOHN G. WHITTIER.—At a Union meeting of citizens of all parties in Amesbury, Massachusetts, a letter was read from the poet Whittier, from which we extract the following passage:

I regard it as of the utmost importance that, in this hour of trial, men of all parties should remember only that they are American citizens. The life of the country is at stake, and however we may continue to call ourselves, there are really but two parties—the party of loyal men and the party of traitors. For myself, I can say in all sincerity that I am more than ready to lay aside whatever is merely party feeling and prejudice I may have entertained, and act cordially with any and all loyal men, who are willing to act with me. At a time like this, we are individual allegiance to our country. We were American citizens before we were Republicans or Democrats—and it matters little who is in or out of office.

People in the East were as excited on receiving reports of the capture of Richmond as they were on the Pacific coast and the same extravagant manifestations of joy are recorded in the Atlantic papers.

The total sales of Government five-twenties, up to May 10, was nearly $7,000,000.

By Overland Telegraph.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE DAILY OREGONIAN.

LATER FROM THE EAST.

Dates to June 12th.

MURFREESBORO, June 11th.—The Chattanooga *Rebel* of the 4th, in an article on the situation of affairs states that Breckinridge's corps returned to Bragg, and Johnston is superseded in his position that he needed no more reinforcements.

Southern papers of the 8th and 9th contain nothing in regard to the reported surrender of Vicksburg.

Pickets refuse to exchange papers. It is expected they contain news of rebel reverses. The opinion is entertained in authoritative circles that not a man can be detached from Bragg's army. Since Grant opened siege on Vicksburg Rose rams has kept him well thoroughly informed of Bragg's designs, and so constantly threatened him an attack in force, that he (Bragg) deemed it imprudent to weaken his strength in the least effort for the relief of Vicksburg. By pursuing this course for the present, Rosecrans is believed to be contributing more towards a permanent triumph than he could do even by such victories as that of Stone River.

A dispatch from an officer engaged in the cavalry fight at Beverly Ford station says, among the rebels killed was Gen. Stewart himself. The report needs confirmation.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, June 11th.—Our forces remain in position south of Fredericksburg. The enemy is manifesting no intention to attack us. Our defences are impregnable. It is not believed the rebels will risk an assault. Work is suspended on their fortifications, their troops, however, display themselves in large force. Nothing heard since Tuesday evening. This morning the utmost quiet prevails. A number of prisoners arrived last night from the upper works, mostly members of the 4th Virginia cavalry. Lee is in the vicinity of Culpepper with a large body of infantry. A heavy force remains near Fredericksburg. Troops from the Black Water North and South Carolina and elsewhere have been hurried to the army in Northern Virginia. No doubt Lee contemplates a desperate effort for the annihilation of Hooker's army. Stewart's attempt to make a raid into Pennsylvania is frustrated.

Levi Burchard of Washington City, has been appointed Surveyor General for Arizona.

NEW YORK, June 12th.—The steamer *Albannis* arrived from Newbern, N. C., with dates to the 9th. The concurrent testimony of deserters leaves no room to doubt that the long smouldering fires of Revolution are breaking out in the interior of that State, and that disaffection has reached a point far beyond what the journals of that State intimate.

Several thousand armed refugees from conscription, who have been weeks encamped in the mountains, successfully defy the conscript authority. The Raleigh *Standard* complains that while the rebel conscription act has not been enforced in Georgia and Mississippi, North Carolina has been raked as with a fine tooth comb. It appears that the North Carolina troops were placed in front in the battle of Chancellorsville, to resist the advance of Hooker, sustaining an immense slaughter, while the Virginia and South Carolina troops were held in reserve. The massacre of the North Carolinian troops is boldly and freely denounced, and the Confederacy charged with gross injustice and bad faith. Numerous studied indignities are put upon the State which her people greatly resented. It is proposed to make Gen. Welsh, of the Afrian brigade, military Governor of North Carolina.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 12th.—The Democratic Convention held here yesterday, was the largest and most enthusiastic ever assembled in Ohio. Ex-Senator Hugh J. Jewett made a speech denouncing the arrest of Vallandigham and Bell and their banishment. He execrated Gen. Burnside's order. Jewett was nominated for Lieutenant Governor. Judge Van Trump was nominated for Supreme Judge. A committee of 20 were appointed to wait on the President and demand Vallandigham's return. Numerous speeches were made by S. S. Cox, Sam. Medary, Sherman and others, all bitterly denouncing Burnside and his order. The Convention passed off quietly and harmoniously, and adjourned with the determination to elect Vallandigham Governor of Ohio by a triumphant majority. The report of the committee on resolutions declared that the democratic party has ever been and is yet a law abiding party, asking nothing but its rights under the Constitution and the laws. That the will of the people is the foundation of all free governments, to give effect to this will, *free thought, free speech*, and *free press* are absolutely indispensable—That there is a manifest difference between the administration of the government and the government itself. That the administration, and the agents of the people are subject to their approval or condemnation, according to their merits or demerits. The resolutions further protest against the emancipation as burlesoms to the people and unjust in its nature, wholly without warrant of the Constitution. They declare the power assumed by the President to proclaim martial law over States where war does not exist, and to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus*, is unwarranted by the Constitution. Its tendency is to make civil authority subservient to military, and that the arrest and imprisonment without trial, and actual banishment of C. L. Vallandigham by alleged military authority, for no other pretended crime than uttering words of legitimate criticism upon the conduct of the administration in power, and of appeal to the ballot box for a change of policy—said imprisonment being when courts of law are open, and unobstructed, is a palpable violation of the Constitution of the United States. The resolutions further declare whenever it is practicable to obtain a convention of all or three fourths of the States, such a body should convene for the purpose of proposing such amendments to the federal constitution as experience has proven necessary.

WARD BEECHER ON GEN. HALLECK.—A late number of the New York *Independent*, H. W. Beecher's paper, thus treats of Gen. Halleck:

Mr. Lincoln understands plain men (says the editor). He selects wisely among men that have simple common sense. It is only when affairs demand a man of more than industry and routine sense, that he is at fault. He has no affinity for men of genius. They seem to terrify him. He likes to ride a safe, strong, dull horse, that will keep in the road. But a blood courser, that knows how to leave the ruts, and make a straight path for himself across the fields over walls across ditches, through thickets—such animals Mr. Lincoln does not often picture to himself as possible.

It is this fondness for plain men, we presume, that has drawn Gen. Halleck to Washington. He is also in military history. He knows what has been done rather than what should be done. Hold battle were to be fought over again, probably Halleck would be our best General. It is his theory and not his invention that is strong. Unfortunately for the use of his best gifts all our campaigns have required new ideas. He is patient and industrious. He pulls at the war with dull ox like strength. As yet, he has shown nothing of genius. His plans and combinations, so far developed, have excited no admiration.

The Election in Washington Territory.

WALLA WALLA, June 7th 1863.

Patron Oregonian:

You are well aware that Messrs Raymond Cole, Kinney and Turney are candidates for Delegate to Congress from Washington Territory.

The election is an important one. I desire to say something to the people of the Territory in regard to the political character of these men and the bearing which the election will have upon the welfare of the people of Washington Territory.

I believe the candid statement of democratic antecedents. Since the South, by an unskilled rebellion, has sought to break up the Government and the Union Mr. Raymond occupies an equivocal position—he is for the Union without a condition.

Mr. Cole professes to be for the Union but here he is acting with and by men who, on all occasions, have expressed their sympathies with the rebels and who time and again have declared their hopes and confidence in rebel success. These men go with Mr. Cole; and will vote for him and make all possible efforts in his behalf. If Mr. Cole loses not harmonize with them in feeling and acting that *mean a Union way like a monkey & whoop*, may at least, be set down as false.

Of Mr. Turney it only be said that he is only running to advocate the interests of Cole. *He knows that he has no more chance* and his only motive is, by the election of Cole to have his revenge upon the Administration for removing him from an office he was incapable of filling.

And further if Mr. Kinney it may be said that he is a candidate merely as a foil bait to make the public believe that the democrats here are running him, when not a single man of them will vote for him.

We have this to say, that there are really but two candidates before the people who have the slightest chance of being elected—Mr. Raymond and Mr. Cole. Every man who votes for Turney foolishly throws away his vote and Turney knows it is so.

Doubtless for the coming two years Congress, and the President and his advisers will be Union men, and will sustain the views and measures which now control the policy of the nation. No man who goes to Congress by rebel votes from Washington Territory will have the least influence in that body. He will play only the part of the late Representative Shell of Oregon. He will show his hatred to the Government by his votes, and pocket his salary and mileage and return to his home.

Washington Territory needs all the paternal kindness that can possibly be extended to her people under the present embarrassed condition of the nation. What can she expect from Government if she sends to Congress a man to represent the copperheads—the Vallandigham—of Walla Walla county? Let honest Union men lay this matter to heart.

There is to be a meeting here on what is called "the democracy" of this county, for the election of Cole. Look at some of the names upon the call for this meeting. You will find among them men who have grown rich on the patronage of Government, and who are now turning the hand which has fed them. If they rejoice at the defeat of our arms and brush their teeth in very rage when our national arms succeed in battle. Such are among the men who are pushing the election of George E. Cole.

It is hinted here that Mr. Cole will have the assistance of Judge Strong and Judge Lander, and Columbia Lancaster, in their power to embarrass it, and indirectly aid our enemies. They think they have a right to all the patronage of Government, to all the eleemosynary offices they can accomplish, whether to be done at Walla Walla or Boise, and at the same time curse the Government with a bitterness that shows the venom in their hearts. We repeat the question—What benefit will it be to Washington Territory to have these secesh send a man to Congress? Will he have the least influence there? Would he have the impudence to protrude his face before any Department asking for favors?

There is one trick of ineffable meanness now being used to defeat Mr. Raymond in Walla Walla county. This is done with the consent and approbation of Gov. E. Cole. He is assisted by Turney Kinney, and the whole secesh element here. It is to raise the prejudice and hatred of the people here against those below the Cascades. All the charges that can be rung against them are used: they are claim-eaters, fish eaters, gorillas, cheats, swindlers, cliques, and every other epithet used against them found in the vocabulary of the blackguard. "Now," say the secesh here, *"we have got the claim-eaters where we want them. We will unite against them. Turney is working, Kinney is working for us the patronage given by Government is made to assist us, and we've got the claim-eaters."* We will keep all the votes here from Raynor, and *we will swell the votes below by using Strong, Lander and Lancaster.*

We ask the Union men of Walla Walla county what they have to gain by throwing their votes against the Union and Government in the way the secesh party of Walla Walla have marked out for them?

I make no sweeping charge against real lovers of the Union who rank themselves as democrats. There are many of them, and I have confidence that when the trial comes they will be found on the side of the Union, and for crushing out this rebellion.

We need a test vote to Walla Walla county. The people and the Government want to know who are the unconditional friends of the Union. They want the names down upon paper, there is no dodging in this matter. We rejoice that there is not. Copperheads who have been pampered by Government have given a notorious name to Walla Walla—to turn on to her reputation—blighting it her villainy—and her citizens have now an opportunity to vindicate their claims to patriotism. We trust they will do it.

A CITIZEN OF WALLA WALLA.

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice.

United States of America, } ss.
District of Oregon. }

WHEREAS an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, on the 3d day of June 1863, by W. McGraw, Attorney of the United States for the district of Oregon, against certain goods, wares and merchandise, to wit: Two hundred and fifty pairs of boots, more or less, two hundred pairs of shoes, more or less, one hundred pairs of brogans, more or less, one hundred pairs of gaiters, more or less, one hundred pairs of slippers, more or less, one hundred pairs of socks, more or less, one hundred pairs of drawers, more or less, one hundred pairs of pants, more or less, one hundred pairs of overalls, more or less, one hundred pairs of suspenders, more or less, one hundred pairs of gloves, more or less, one hundred pairs of mittens, more or less, one hundred pairs of hose, more or less, one hundred pairs of garters, more or less, one hundred pairs of cuffs, more or less, one hundred pairs of collars, more or less, one hundred pairs of neckties, more or less, one hundred pairs of scarfs, more or less, one hundred pairs of shirts, more or less, one hundred pairs of hats, more or less, one hundred pairs of caps, more or less, one hundred pairs of blankets, more or less, one hundred pairs of quilts, more or less, one hundred pairs of coverlets, more or less, one hundred pairs of sheets, more or less, one hundred pairs of pillow cases, more or less, one hundred pairs of towels, more or less, one hundred pairs of handkerchiefs, more or less, one hundred pairs of combs, more or less, one hundred pairs of brushes, more or less, one hundred pairs of soap, more or less, one hundred pairs of tobacco, more or less, one hundred pairs of cigars, more or less, one hundred pairs of pipes, more or less, one hundred pairs of knives, more or less, one hundred pairs of forks, more or less, one hundred pairs of spoons, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin cups, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin plates, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin dishes, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin pans, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin kettles, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin coffee pots, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin tea pots, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin boilers, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin stoves, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin ovens, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin lamps, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin candlesticks, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin candle moulds, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin candle boxes, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin candle sticks, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin candle snuffers, more or less, one hundred pairs of tin candle trays

Auction Sales.

J. MANSFIELD,
Auctioneer.
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
to inform the public that he gives his personal attention to the sales of
Real Estate, Merchandise, Etc.
ALSO IN
Household Furniture
at Private Residences, when desired.

GOODS ON COMMISSION
SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.

N.B.—M. Mansfield respectfully informs the Public that he has leased the commodious two-story building, No. 4 FRONT STREET, opposite Saxier & Co., for the purpose of continuing the AUCTION and COMMISSION BUSINESS.

References:
Lewis & Co., — Saxier & Co., — Ladd, Reed & Co.
Saxier & Co., — J. C. Ainsworth, — Ladd & Tilton.
A Cahn & Co., — Starkey

J. KALLMES,
WHOLESALE
GROCERY & LIQUOR DEALER,
Front st., next door to Saxier & Co,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

J. KALLMES would respectfully call the attention of the trade and the public generally to his well-assorted stock of

LIQUORS AND GROCERIES,
—which consist of—

BRANDIES—
Jean de Forge & Fils, — J & F Martell,
Cel. Dupuy & Co, — United Vineyard Prop'n,
Delgnott, — And many other brands.

WHISKIES, WINES, &c—
Bourbon Whisky, — Fine Old Jamaica Rum,
Rye, — Old N. E. Rum,
Scotch Whiskey, — Fine Old Tom Gin,
Old Holland Gin,
Old Port and Sherry Wines,
Old Peach and Cherry Brandy.

The Assortment of CASE LIQUORS. Also, a large assorted stock of

GROCERIES,
on hand.
45 Front street, next door to Saxier & Co.
J. KALLMES.
Portland, March 14, 1863. tf

National Birthday

are now prepared to supply individuals,
FIRMS OR COMPANIES
OF CITIES AND TOWNS
with new and appropriate exhibitions of

FIRE-WORKS
FOR THE
FOURTH OF JULY, 1863,
Original and beautiful designs of our own, and will make to order

Large Fancy Pieces
Design or pattern furnished me, varying in size from 50 to 200 feet frontage, and from 20 to 100 feet in height. We also offer our newly manufactured stock, consisting of

ROCKETS, COLORED;
ROCKETS, PLAIN;
SERPENTS;
BLUE LIGHTS;
BOMB ROCKETS;
FOUNTAINS;
STARS;
AURORAS;
CANDLES, COLORED;
ROMAN CANDLES, PLAIN;
FLORAL SHELLS;
VOLCANOES;
CONSTELLATIONS;
BATTERIES;
CHAPLETS;
WHEELS

pieces, for country exhibitions, packed with care so they can be shipped to any part of this State, adjoining States or Territories.

Salutation Torpedoes
AND
REVOLUTION FIRE CRACKERS.

A variety of Fire Crackers than ever before sold in this market. Made in China for our special order—and extra loud report.

Fire Works sold by us (except small Pin Wheels, Serpents, and Fire Crackers) are manufactured at our factory in San Francisco, under the Superintendence of H. Fowler, long connected with and manufacturer of Harvey's celebrated Pyrotechnic establishment, Boston, Mass., and we, with confidence guarantee the excellence of our work.

Displays of Fire Works and prices supplied on application. Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

CHURCH & CLARK,
No. 407 Front street,
San Francisco.

DRY GOODS.

HENRY HUGHES,
AGENT,
Wholesale Plumb, New York.
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF
FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN
DRY GOODS.
PRINTS,
LINENS, WHITE GOODS.
FURNISHING GOODS.
Ladies' and Misses' Merino Vests,
FANCY NOTIONS,
Military Goods, Etc.
GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER.
HENRY HUGHES, Agent.
218 and 220 Battery street,
Between California and Sacramento.

UNION HOUSE,

J. RICHARDSON,
PIONEER,
Corner of Front and Oak sts.
AUCTION SALES
OF DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.
Sales Monday and Saturday.
A. J. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Taxes Collected.

AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES, and all other claims will be shortest possible time, and remitted by
CHAS. M. CARTER,
Office, 102 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

The Daily Oregonian.

PORTLAND CITY.

THE MORNING OREGONIAN has a larger SUBSCRIPTION LIST than any other Daily published in this City.

Money Market.

New York Gold Quotations 42½
San Francisco Legal Tender rates ..... 150@—

CITY COUNCIL.—The Council last evening passed an ordinance for the improvement of streets, and regulating the letting of contracts for grading and planking the same.

A resolution was passed authorizing the City Assessor to swear property holders as to the amount of property.

A resolution requiring the City Collector to sell all real and personal property for delinquent taxes of last year and make return before the 1st of October, was passed.

The committee on fire and water and the City Surveyor reported on the condition of the culverts contracted to be built by Mr. Walters, to be finished by the 1st of November and 1st of March, but which were left unfinished. Report adopted and referred to the City Attorney for advisement.

SANITARY CONTRIBUTIONS.—The Ladies Oregon Sanitary Aid Society acknowledge the following contributions: L. H. Wakefield, $2 00, L. S. Hovey, C. A. Barton, $10 00 each. Mrs. Quivey, Mrs. Tappan, Mrs. H. Law, E. M. Burton, Jas. Thompson, L. Leadbetter, Waller Bros., R. A. Burton, and "cash" $5 00 each. C. W. Burrage (monthly), Rev. P. B. Chamberlain, $4 00 each. Mrs. H. M. Smith, S. H. Harwood, H. M. Barton, $2 50 each. "Cash" $1 50. Alice Chamberlain, Mrs. Burrage, and "cash" $1 each. Eddie Chamberlain, four members of the family, and "cash" three times, 50 cents each. Amount $109 00. Previously acknowledged, $1,246 50. Total receipts, $1,355 50.

MRS. A. C. GIBBS,
Portland, 1863. Secretary.

SALE FOR TAXES.—The City Collector, Keating, seized the Oregon Steam Navigation Company's steamer *Julia*, and advertised her for sale, for the payment of $4 000 taxes levied on the Company under the supplementary city assessment. She is to be sold on the 25th inst. The Company refused to pay this amount, because they have only been incorporated since October last, and that before that time they were incorporated in Washington Territory, and paid taxes there, and think they should only pay taxes from October to July. They also claim that the city can only levy taxes on property within the jurisdiction of the city, and they are willing to pay on all property within the limits of the city, but not on that without.

The Collector also seized and sold up the *E. D. Baker* for the sum of $225 taxes. The Transportation Company paid the amount under protest and the boat was released.

OBSTRUCTIONS.—The City Marshal requests us to say that he has given two days' notice to all persons having signs projecting over the sidewalks, and if the Ordinance regulating the same be not strictly complied with by ten o'clock this morning, all neglecting to remove said obstructions will be prosecuted, be they old or young, great or small, rich or poor.

LADIES' FAIR.—The Fair held by the ladies of the Episcopal Church at the Gymnasium, last night, passed off very pleasantly. The hall was thronged with people the entire evening. Quite a large sum was realized, we are informed.

HISTORICAL DRAMA.—Remember the thrilling historical drama, entitled "The Carpenter of Rouen," will be played to-night at the Theatre, for the first time in this city. Miss Mitchell and Mr. Waldron have not failed on any occasion to delight their audiences, and while they have Messrs. B. S. Mortimer, P. Taylor, E. Reeves, Mrs. Waldron and Miss Minnie Gillespie as supports, we are sure every piece advertised by them will be truthfully and fully represented. A full house should be present to-night.

Willamette Engine Company No. 1.—Meet at 7½ o'clock, June 16th. After drill there will be a full meeting. A. G. WALLING, Sec'y.

Multnomah Engine Company No. 2.—Special meeting this evening at 7½ o'clock precisely. By order, BEN. L. NORDEN, Sec'y.
June 16th, 1863.

Ho! for Boise, John Day and the Powder River Gold Mines!
THROUGH WITHOUT DETENTION!
The only sure and safe way for miners to reach the new mines, without being detained, is to secure their
Supplies in Portland!
And be prepared to go either by land or water, from the
Dalles to the New Diggings!

200,000 pounds choice Oregon Bacon, 30,000 pounds extra Sac Flour, 10,000 pounds of assorted Beans, 300 Pairs Oregon Gray Blankets, together with a full supply of Groceries, Boots, Shoes and all kinds of mining articles can now be obtained at HARKER BROS.,
No. 122, Front street, opposite the Upper Wharf.
Portland, March 4, 1863. def

STORAGE.—The FIRE-PROOF STONE WAREHOUSE, opposite Umatilla House, is the only building, "not made of wood," in the Dalles, where goods are taken on STORAGE. All other houses that take goods on storage are wooden buildings and in exposed parts of the town, liable to the risk of fire. The subscriber accepts his patronage, and charges but $1 50 per ton per month storage and although storage in wooden buildings is $2 00 per ton, yet the public cannot fail to perceive the advantages the subscriber possesses over other warehouses of this place.
DALLES, Jan 20, 1863 3m — RASEY DIXON.

N. B. A liberal discount made for lots of 50 tons or more, where goods are Stored for more than one month.

Fourth of July

FIRE WORKS!

SKY ROCKETS, ROMAN CANDLES, TRIANGLE WHEELS, BENGOLAS, MINES OF STARS AND SERPENTS, PIN WHEELS, AND BLUE LIGHTS, SERPENTS AND GRASSHOPPERS, PULLERS, &C. 100 BOXES CHINA FIRE-CRACKERS,

Orders received for public exhibitions of any extent.
SILVER AND GOLD FLAGS OF ALL SIZES.
Gold paid for Legal Tenders, at
CHARLES BARRETT'S.

GOLD PAID FOR GREENBACKS,
At CHARLES BARRETT'S.

1776. 1863.

CELEBRATION
OF THE
Eighty-Seventh Anniversary
OF
NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE!!

THE CITIZENS OF PORTLAND INTEND CELEBRATING the coming anniversary of American Independence by a

PARADE,
ORATION,
FREE BARBACUE
AND
GRAND DISPLAY OF FIRE-WORKS!!

Together with other festivities suited to the proper commemoration of this time-honored occasion, and extend a cordial invitation to their fellow-citizens throughout this State and Washington Territory to unite with them.

☞ All Associations, Societies, or other organized bodies desirous of participating will please notify the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements before the 1st of July, in order that suitable arrangements may be made for their reception and entertainment.

A full programme of the Exercises of the Day will shortly be published.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements.
W. S. CALDWELL, Secty.
Portland, June 8th, 1863.
H. D. GIBBS, Chairman.

JOHN R. SIMS,
MANUFACTURER OF
Fire-Proof Doors and Shutters,
BANK VAULTS,
Gratings, Cemetery Railing, Balconies, &c.
OREGON STREET,
Between Front and Davis, Washington and Jackson, San Francisco, Cal.

ALL ORDERS from the interior, Oregon and Washington Territory, or any place on the Pacific coast, attended to with promptness and dispatch.

MR. SIMS appreciates the liberal patronage of his friends, and trusts he may continue to merit it in the future. For the information of strangers, he would say that he feels confident that his experience in this particular calling is surpassed by none on this coast, which his superior work, sent to almost every town in California, Oregon, Victoria, and the Sandwich Islands, and to be seen on some of the best buildings in San Francisco, fully attest.

Also—A very large lot of Second Hand Shutters, of various dimensions, all for sale at very low rates.

N. B.—Mr. E. M. BURTON, of Portland, will make contracts for Iron Work in my name. jn16dlm

GOLDSMITH BROS.,
ASSAYERS,
Corner Front and Alder streets,
PORTLAND,
PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR
GOLD DUST
GOLDSMITH BROS.,
Corner Front and Alder streets,
PORTLAND,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Watches and Jewelry
DIAMONDS,
and Silver Ware.
WATCH REPAIRING IN SUPERIOR STYLE.
All Kinds of Jewelry made to Order. jn

Just Received!
A FRESH STOCK OF
NEW MUSIC and MUSIC BOOKS,
comprising all of the VERY LATEST PUBLICATIONS.
By E. C. RANDALL,
jn4dtf 95 First street, Portland.

Sugar! Syrup! Coffee!

THE CARGO OF THE DARK CAMBRIDGE FROM the Sandwich Islands, consisting of
SUGARS, in Mats and Kegs;
COFFEE, MOLASSES;
SYRUPS and POLU
For sale by the undersigned in lots to suit purchasers.
ALLEN & LEWIS.
Portland, June 1st, 1863. jn2dlm

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!
TO THE CITIZENS OF PORTLAND AND VICINITY.
MRS. WHITE,
(Late of New York City,)
HAS OPENED A MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING Establishment, at
No. 60 Front st, under the Deanion House
where she will keep on hand a complete assortment of
PATTERNS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS
of all the LATEST STYLES in ladies and children's dress.
Also—BLEACHING AND PRESSING.
The Ladies of Portland and vicinity are respectfully invited to give the subscriber a call.
my15dlt Mrs. EMMA A. WHITE.

Umatilla Landing.
JAS. M. BLOSSOM & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, DRY-GOODS,
Clothing, Boots and Shoes, &c.
UMATILLA LANDING, OREGON.
Miners and others will find a good assortment in our store. We will sell at the lowest rates for cash. jn11

Hides and Wool.
THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS FOR THE
NEW YORK
Hide and Wool Association,
WILL PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR
HIDES AND WOOL
IN COIN.
RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.
jn13d3m

Butter in Brine.
WE SHALL RECEIVE WEEKLY, during the season, OREGON BUTTER in sack and brine, from one of the best packers in the State.
RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.
jn13d2w

Lost.
LAST EVENING, A HEAVY GOLD CHAIN, somewhere between the Methodist Church and the residence of H. W. Davis, Esq., in the Public Square. The finder will please leave it at the Post Office or at this office.

Notice.
CURTIS PALMER is this day appointed DEPUTY COLLECTOR, and authorized by me to collect and receive City taxes on all demands or papers that have all signatures attached thereto, until further notice.
J. F. McCOY, City Collector.
Portland, Oregon, June 15th, 1863. jn15dlf

Notice.
THIS IS TO CERTIFY that Mr. CURTIS PALMER is deputized to serve no legal process against me.
W. H. CLARK, City Marshal
jn17d3t of Portland.

CARPET WAREHOUSE.

WALTER BROS.,
Cor. First and Stark Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

WOULD respectfully inform the Public that they are receiving, by every steamer,
DIRECT FROM THE EAST,
NEW SUPPLIES of GOODS
—consisting in—
Carpets, and Paper Hangings
of the Latest Patterns.
FLOOR AND TABLE
Oil Cloths and Covers.
MATTINGS,
White and Checked, and of all widths;
WINDOW SHADES.
Damask, Plain and Fancy Dyes.
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS.
PARLOR AND BED ROOM RUGS.
DOOR MATS of all Descriptions.
CRUMB CLOTHS, STAIR RODS.
COB NICHES for all sizes of Windows
CURTAIN BANDS, LOOPS AND HOLDERS.
CURTAIN CIMPS & FRINGES
GREEN AND BUFF LINENS, for Window Shades
PICTURE AND LOOKING GLASS TRIMMINGS.
SPRINGS, TWINE, FURNITURE GIMPS and all Goods in the
Upholstery Line.
—ALSO—
Looking Glasses,
PICTURE MOLDINGS, &C.

Importing our Goods direct from the East, and having the Largest Stock of any in the State, we can sell at the
Lowest San Francisco Prices.
Call before buying and examine the large and well-selected stock of
WALTER BROS.,
Corner of First and Stark streets,
April 28, 1863. Portland.

W. WEATHERFORD

Importer of

DRUGS, PAINTS AND OILS,
No. 139 Front Street.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC is solicited to the NEW STOCK of
FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
and our LARGE STOCK of
PAINTS AND OILS
with a full supply of
Painter's Materials,
now receiving from the Eastern markets and offered
Wholesale or Retail,
at Lowest Market Prices:
Together with a full supply of
PATENT MEDICINES
TOILET ARTICLES,
BRUSHES, &c., &c.
and other articles usually kept in a
First Class Drug Store.
Especial attention paid to the
PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT,
Prescriptions put up at all hours
DAY OR NIGHT.
W. WEATHERFORD,
139 Front street.
Portland, Oregon, April 18, 1863. 3m

KEROSENE!
1,000 Gallons
BEST QUALITY JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE in lots to suit, by
W. WEATHERFORD,
DEALER IN
Drugs, Paints & Oils,
ap20d3m 139 Front st., Portland

ASSAY OFFICE.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.
ASAYERS.
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE GOLD Dust of every description for Assay at our office in Portland.
BARS DISCOUNTED AT THE ULUAL WEST RATES.
jn16d6t WELLS, FARGO & CO.

PIPER'S
Threshing Machines,
MANUFACTURED BY J. A. PITTS, BUFFALO, New York—of eight and ten Horse Power.
For sale at reduced rates by
jn14d1m ALLEN & LEWIS.

CUSTOM-MADE CLOTHING

Furnishing Goods
WHITE SHIRTS;
COLLARS;
ALEXANDER'S KID GLOVES;
TRAVELING SHIRTS;
BLANKETS;
INDIAN TAN;
BUCK GLOVES;
VALISES;
CARPET BAGS;
CANES;
UMBRELLAS;
&c., &c., &c., &c.
A full assortment of the above constantly on hand.
Just received, a full assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER
CLOTHING,
SUITABLE FOR THE WARM WEATHER.
Orders from the country solicited, and
Entire Satisfaction Guaranteed.
PIERSON & CO.,
May 10th, 1863 d1m No. 64 Front street, Portland.

More New Goods.

Gents' and Boys' Brown and White
STRAW AND PANAMA HATS
Gents' and Boys' Black and Drab
Soft French Cassimere Hats.
Gents' and Boys' Linen, Alpaca and Lasting
SACK COATS.
Gents' Glove Kid and Calf
Cong. Sewed Gaiters.
Gents' Calf pegged
Cong. Gaiters & Scotch Balmorals
Gents' sup. English 3-thread Cotton Socks.
Ladies' Glove Kid and Lasting Congress
GAITERS AND BALMORALS.
Prints, Lawns, Shirtings, Dress Goods,
Sugar, Teas, Coffee and Crockery.
Just received by
JOHN WILSON,
Portland, June 1st, 1863. 127, Front street. dtf

DR. D. JAYNE'S
EXPECTORANT
AND SANATIVE PILLS

HAVE BEEN BEFORE THE PUBLIC SO LONG, and stand such general favorites in every region of country where they have been sold, (and there is no place on the civilized globe where they have not been sold,) that it would seem almost superfluous at this time to call the attention to them through the medium of the press. Yet it is due to suffering humanity, and especially to that numerous class who, in the changeable climate of the Pacific Coast, suffer from

Diseases of the Lungs & Throat,

inducing and ending in CONSUMPTION, many of whom may not have used this remedy, that they should be allowed to read of some of the cases where it has not been useful in removing complaints from which they are suffering. The EXPECTORANT

Operates immediately upon the Disease,

SURELY AND SPEEDILY ERADICATING IT,

while the SANATIVE PILLS, by preserving regularity in the Bowels, and giving a healthy tone to the other internal organs, aid and assist the perfect operation of the former.

Attention is asked to the following Certificates, selected at random from the mass in the possession of the proprietors:

UPPER UWCHLAND, Chester Co., Pa., Sept. 15, 1856.
Dr. D. JAYNE—Having been afflicted with ASTHMA and BRONCHITIS, and having tried a vial of some of the most eminent physicians, whose skillful treatment of my case did not prove to be of any avail, I obtained no relief in my suffering until I commenced the use of your EXPECTORANT. After taking it for about three months, I was entirely cured. NATHAN PENNYPACKER.

ASTORIA, Long Island, Jan 23, 1860.
L. W. TISELL, Esq., New York—Sir: As you well know I was so afflicted with BRONCHITIS, accompanied with the most painful tightness of the chest, and great difficulty in breathing for nearly two months, and I had almost lost all confidence in the power of medical science, when at your friendly suggestion I began the well known (but not enough known) "EXPECTORANT" of Dr. Jayne, of Philadelphia. Three or four days after having commenced to take it, my cough had nearly subsided, the expectoration was easy, and the breathing quite free.
I am now quite another man, and my general health has been even better for years.
I remain, my dear Tisell, with esteem, your sincere and friend, J. B. MONTE.

WINFIELD, Tusca'awas Co., O., May 22, 1860.
Dr. D. JAYNE—Dear Sir: One bottle of your Expectorant cured my daughter of the LUNG FEVER, after having been given over and the hopes of recovery. During the attack she had a number of convulsions. She is now perfectly well. J. H. COFFMAN.

BERLINTON, Bradford Co., Pa., July 2, 1863.
Dr. D. JAYNE—Dear Sir: My son was for one and a half years afflicted with a disease resembling CONSUMPTION. For two years he was not able to labor. He was finally induced to try your EXPECTORANT and PILLS, and after taking 10 bottles and some PILLS, was completely cured, and is now able to labor every day. JOHN HENLY.

We would add to the above that we sold to Mr. Henly the medicine for his son, and know that the statement is true. MERRY, WILHELM & CO.

For a greater number, and variety of certificates, and fuller information regarding these and other of Dr. D. Jayne and Sons' Preparations, reference is given to the ANNUAL ALMANAC, which may be had from any Druggist or Dealer in Medicines.

SMITH & DAVIS, Portland, Oregon
Agents for the State.
my11dawlmle

Proposals for Beef.

ASSISTANCE DEPT., June 5th, 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the Office of the Commissary of Subsistence, in this place, until Saturday, June 20th, 1863, 12 o'clock M., for the supply of FRESH BEEF for the Troops of the United States stationed at Fort Vancouver, W. T., for one year from 1st July, 1863, to 30th June, 1864.
The Beef to be delivered at such times and in such amounts as the Commanding Officer may from time to time require, to be of the best quality, and delivered in equal proportions of fore and hind quarters, excluding neck and shanks.
Bids must be accompanied with two responsible sureties bound for the faithful performance of the contract, and no bids will be entertained unless the contractor and the sureties will take the oath of allegiance to the United States.
Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned at this place, and endorsed thus: "Proposals for supply of Fresh Beef."
It is desirable that parties in bidding to contract specify the price per pound in gold, and also the price per pound in Legal Tender Notes.
If coin be furnished the Commissary will not be bound to pay in Legal Tender Notes.
JNO. N. KING,
jn9d10t Capt. C. S. S.

5,000 Galls. Kerosene
JUST RECEIVED, ex *Jane A. Falkenburg*, and for sale at
Reduced Rates.
By SMITH & DAVIS,
Feb 17th, 1863. dtf 71 Front street.

Notice.
WE THE UNDERSIGNED hereby give notice that we have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on mercantile business under the name and style of Smith & Meldrum, in the building lately occupied by D. Solomon, No. 107 Front street, Portland. Dated this 20th day of May, 1863.
D. SOLOMON.
NATHAN MEERHOLZ.
jn1d30

For Sale,
THE BUILDING known as the "BASKET FACTORY," adjoining Burbank & Stinson's Sash Mill, with the lot on which it stands. Lot 1, Block 21, Couch's addition. Inquire of RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.
jn9d3tf

HODGE & CALEF,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
97 Front Street,
OFFER FOR SALE—
LARD OIL—kegs and cans;
LINSEED OIL;
ALCOHOL;
WHITE LEAD—kegs and cans;
TURPENTINE;
VARNISHES;
BRUSHES;
PAINTERS' STOCK—all kinds;
KEROSENE—different brands;
SPERM OIL;
CHINA;
TANNERS' OIL;
KEROSENE LAMPS;
WINDOW GLASS;
QUICKSILVER;
At the Lowest Market Rates.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

In addition to our former large stock in this line, we are making, and shall continue to make, large and extensive additions—for Spring trade.
A combined experience of 30 years in business is a sufficient guarantee of a faithful attention to its requirements.
HODGE & CALEF,
Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Oils,
feb10 97 Front street.

ASSAY OFFICE.
TRACY & KING,
ASSAYERS,
Portland, Oregon.
E. W. TRACY, ... MARK A. KING,
Late Assistant Assayer in the United States Mint, San Francisco.

We also call attention to the following certificate:
"BRANCH OF THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES,
San Francisco, California,
Assay's Office, June 20, 1863.
"This is to certify that MARK A. KING has been engaged as an Assistant Assayer in the U. S. Mint at San Francisco from Oct., 1857, till the present time.
"His manipulations as an Assayer have been skillful and accurate.
"In the settlement of all the accounts of the service of a reliable, practical Assayer, may feel confidence in engaging Mr. KING.
(Signed) CONRAD WIEGAND, Assayer.

We make returns for dust deposited with us for assay in six hours.
We are prepared to advance cash on dust for assay.
OFFICE, No. 66 FRONT ST.,
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE WELLS, FARGO & CO'S
We pay the Highest Price for Gold Dust.
May 2, 1863. dtf

Paris and New York Fashions!

Millinery,
DRY-GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
AND NOTIONS,
at Wholesale and Retail, by
MRS. E. VAN FRIDAGH,
First street, Between Morrison and Alder,
PORTLAND.

MRS. VAN FRIDAGH being thankful for past favors, would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies and Dealers to her well-selected stock of
Millinery Goods
Dry and Fancy Goods,
—FOR THE—
SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF OWN MADE BONNETS always on hand.
Superintending the manufactory in her own workshop of everything in her line, she feels confident of being able to give entire satisfaction to those patronizing her.
Orders from the country promptly attended to.
CLOAKS MADE TO ORDER.
Bonnets Bleached, altered and trimmed. ocl1

NEW LINE TO THE COWLITZ!

Great Reduction of Fare!

THE CLIPPER STEAMSHIP
LEVIATHAN
Will hereafter run regular between Portland and Monticello, three trips a week, on
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
touching at St. Helens each day.
Leaves KNOTT'S WHARF, Portland, at 7 A. M. Arrives at Monticello at 12 A. M.
Returning same day, leaves Monticello at 1½ P. M. Arrives at Portland at 6½ P. M.
Fare, each way $3 00
To St. Helens 1 50
Enquire on board.
ap24dtf H. L. HOYT, Captain.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE!

L. M. PARRISH & CO.,
NO. 107 FRONT STREET, OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE,
PORTLAND,
WILL FURNISH HELP FOR FAMILIES, HOTELS, Farmers, Merchants, Mills, Factories, Shops, and business men generally;
Will also attend to the COLLECTION OF DEBTS. Those wishing to obtain help will please give us a call.
Portland, March 13, 1863. tf

Save Your Money!

BY RECENT ARRIVALS FROM NEW YORK I HAVE received a large and well assorted stock of
WAGON TIMBER,
—CONSISTING OF—
OAK, ASH and HICKORY PLANK;
HUBS, SPOKES and FELLOES, of all sizes;
DENT POLES and SHAFTS, for Buggies and Sulkies;
PLOUGH BEAMS and HANDLES;
All of which I will sell at San Francisco prices for Cash.
HENRY LAW,
March 12—1m 23 Front street, Portland.

REMOVED.
MILLER & KUEHN
Watchmakers and Jewelers,
Have removed to
Alder st., between Front and First,
Next to Dr. Black's Dental Rooms.
WATCHES AND CLOCKS REPAIRED, and warranted to keep correct time.
JEWELRY made to order.
ENGRAVING neatly executed.
All orders warranted for one year. oct1dtf

Wanted to Rent.
A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE, convenient to the business part of the town.
Address X at this office.

Oregon Cider.
A FIRST RATE ARTICLE, for sale by
jn16d1w RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

LADD, WEBSTER & CO'S

IMPROVED TIGHT-STITCH
FAMILY
SEWING MACHINE

Are surpassed by any for beauty, simplicity of country and efficiency in working, and will do
IN A PERFECT MANNER,
A greater range of work than any other machine.

The value of a Sewing Machine cannot be estimated by the amount of wood, iron, brass or steel used in its construction, but by the *manner* in which these materials are put together, and the quantity and quality of the work it turns out. You can buy a watch or a piano-forte for very little money, but if you want either for *your own use*, you wish an article which can be *relied upon*, and you will purchase accordingly.

LADD & WEBSTER'S
Sewing Machines
do not *split* the gold needle: curved ones are liable to break.
They make a *tight lock-stitch*, alike on both sides of the work, which cannot be ravelled.
Every machine is sent from our office threaded, and with work under the needle ready for operation, accompanied with such explicit printed instructions as will enable persons who may never have seen a machine to teach themselves.
The subscribers have the General Agency of THREE SUPERIOR MACHINES for the Pacific Coast.

COX, WILLCUTT & CO.,
Leather Dealers,
422 Battery street, San Francisco.
BURGREN & SHINDLER,
Corner of First and Salmon streets,
Portland,
Agents for Oregon.
de5dawly
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

DR. BAKER'S
PAIN PANACEA.

Is composed entirely of healing gums, and vegetable oils and herbs. It is perfectly safe for the most delicate to use. I can most sincerely say that I have never known any, however dislocated or injured by it in the least. I will continue to ask the afflicted, who have not used it, to try it for the following diseases: If they are not satisfied with its healing properties, the money will be cheerfully returned by the agent where the medicine is for sale.

If you have pain in the stomach or bowels, try a dose as Pain Panacea internally, bathe externally over the parts affected, and you will at once restore the proper action and relieve the pain.

If you have a Bruise or Wound, bathe it well with the Pain Panacea four times a day. It will relieve the pain, and take out all the poison, and heal the wound in a short time.

If you are suffering from Neuralgia or Rheumatic Pains, apply the Pain Panacea freely, and take a dose of it internally, morning, noon and night; it will not only cure the pain, but will remove the cause of the disease.

If you have the Dyspepsia, and your food "lies sour" on your stomach after eating, take a dose of Pain Panacea after each meal.

If you have a Cankered or Sore Mouth or Throat, apply the Pain Panacea, to the affected parts, and gargle the mouth or throat three or four times a day.

If you have the Diarrhœa, or a relaxed state of the bowels, take a dose of Pain Panacea and they will soon be restored. If you have a painful swelling, bathe the parts freely, and you will soon relieve pain, and the swelling will be reduced.

If you have a severe tooth-ache, apply the Pain Panacea on a piece of cotton and bathe the gum at the same time; it will stop the pain instantly.

If you have a pain in the Breast, Side, Back or Kidneys, bathe the parts affected morning and night; at the same time take a dose of the Panacea internally.

If a Mother has a caked breast, apply the Panacea as hot as it can be borne.

If you feel chilly or cold, as though you were going to have a fever, take a dose of Panacea.

If you have a wound, cut or galls upon your horse, apply the Pain Panacea; it will clean out all the inflammation and heal the sore in a short time.

Sold by all the principal Druggists and by
REDINGTON & CO.,
aug14d&wly 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco.

DR. BURTON'S
Balsamic Compound
FOR THE SPEEDY AND RADICAL CURE OF
GONORRHŒA AND
DISEASES of the URINARY ORGANS.

THIS IS A REMEDY which requires no assistance; it performs its duty quickly and thoroughly, leaving no injurious effect either to the constitution or to the part affected.
It is the result of long experience, and close observation in a great number of cases, and has been invariably successful where other medicines or treatment have failed; thus proving itself to be a remedy, long required by the public.
Price ..... $1 per Bottle
For sale by Druggists everywhere.
☞ Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast,
CHARLES LANGLEY,
Wholesale Druggist,
309 Commercial street, near Front street,
ap21dly&p San Francisco.

SUTTON'S,
Shooting Gallery and Saloon,
No. 8 Morrison st., bet. Front and First,
In connection with this old established Saloon, the proprietor has fitted up in a safe manner, a complete SHOOTING GALLERY, for Rifle and Pistol practice, with the latest improved arms.
The BAR is stocked with the best Liquors in the market, direct from San Francisco.
A pleasant READING ROOM is also attached.
JOHN W. SUTTON, Proprietor.
jn9dtf

EUREKA EXCHANGE,
(formerly Fashion Saloon,)
JOSEPH WEBBER, Proprietor,
No. 11 Washington street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
THE BEST BRANDS OF WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, and Cigars constantly on hand at the Eureka Exchange, Portland, Aug. 15th, 1862. dtf

Valuable Property for Sale.
I WILL SELL MY HOUSE AND THE ENTIRE BLOCK, No. 284, on which it stands, or the House and Lots on which it stands, and the balance of Block in parts to suit purchasers. Inquire of
C. S. KINGSLEY.
Portland, March 7, 1863—tf

For Sale Cheap.
A FLAT BOAT, 75 feet long, 14' beam, 3 feet hold. Apply to
GEO. H. PLUMMER & Co.
Lower Cascades, W. T.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ANOTHER PEACE DEMOCRAT REPENTING.—The *Journal of Commerce*—once a strenuous advocate of peace at any price—commenting on the failure on the Rappahannock, and on the effect which that event should have on the progress of the war, says that some persons seem driven to despair by this misfortune, and already begin to whisper about settling the matter and dividing the Union. Upon this point the *Journal* says:

We protest against all such suggestion. We call on conservative men in all parts of the land to raise their voices now against every proposal for peace and disunion. It is the time when lofty patriotism demands the greatest sacrifices; when the American heart must be roused to the noblest actions. We know that the future is dark with the leadership which we have, and must have; but we know the true, the only principle of action now is firm, unwavering support of the Constitution and the constitutional authorities; and if the people speak out in their might to-day, their voice will be heard, and the war will yet be made to result in the overthrow of the rebellion while the peaceful contents of the ballot box will result in the everlasting demolition of the radicalism which has plunged us into this new abyss of sorrow. Every energy must now be strengthened and exerted. What will you do if you think of disunion? Do you know what will become of Missouri; of brave, noble, faithful old Kentucky; of Maryland; of Washington itself? If you could do nothing more than stand on the defensive and hold your lines from the Atlantic to the Pacific against the hosts of our enemies for two years, until we can place a stronger Administration in power, you must do that. But you can do more than that. It is not a party war; it is not a radical war; it is not an Abolition war, strong as the efforts have been of the radical party to make it such. It is your country's war, and the peace to be won must be a Union peace. That and that alone must be the aim, the desire, the vow of every true man.

A HEART THAT CAN FEEL FOR ANOTHER.—"I give and bequeath to Mary, my wife, the sum of one hundred pounds a year," said an old farmer. "Is that written down, Measter?"

"Yes," replied the lawyer; "but she is not so old; she may marry again. Won't you make any changes in that case? Most people do."

"Do, do they?" said the farmer; "well, write again, and say, and if my wife marries again, I will give and bequeath to her the sum of two hundred pounds a year. That'll do, won't it Measter."

"Why, its double the sum she would have if she remained unmarried," said the lawyer; "it is generally the other way—the legacy is lessened if the widow marries again."

"Ay," said the farmer, "but hiin as gets her'll deserve it."

A MODEL WOMAN.—"Did you not say, Ellen, that Mr. A. is poor?"

"Yes, he has only his profession."

"Will your uncle favor his suit?"

"No, and I can expect nothing from him."

"Then, Ellen, you will have to resign fashionable society."

"No matter; I shall see more of Fred."

"You must give up expensive dress."

"O, Fred admires simplicity."

"You cannot keep a carriage."

"But we can have delightful walks."

"You must live in a small house, and furnish it plainly."

"Yes, for elegant furniture would be out of place in a cottage."

"You will have to cover your floors with thin carpets."

"Then I shall hear his footsteps sooner."

FUNNY ORDER.—A recent order issued by General Rosecrans reads thus:

GENERAL:—The General commanding directs me to call your attention to a flagrant outrage committed in your command, a person having been admitted inside your lines without a pass, and in violation of orders. The case is one which calls for your personal attention, and the General commanding directs that you deal with the offending party or parties according to law. The Medical Director reports that an Orderly Sergeant in Brigadier General ——'s division was to-day delivered of a baby, which is in violation of all military law and of the army regulations. No such case has been known since the days of Jupiter. You will apply the proper punishment in this case and a remedy to prevent a repetition of the act.

The Virginia Legislature is trying on taxation at an extreme rate. Secession is chargeable. Virginia might have renewed her greatness, had she remained loyal, but now she is becoming a Sahara. Of all the Confederate States she is the greatest sufferer, having ruined towns, ruined fields, ruined homes, and ruined prospects beyond anything that could have been predicted of an American community three years ago. The Old Dominion's dominion has passed utterly away, no matter what may be the event of the war. We are sorry for it, for we have always liked the first of States, and, in spite of all that has happened, we would gladly see her once more arrayed in all her former glory—were she loyal,

A paragraph has been going the rounds of an old lady who has a mustache on her lip. It is not uncommon for young ladies in this vicinity to have mustaches on their lips, but rare that they grow there.

There are pretended patriots who will hold anything except their tongues; keep anything except their word, and lose nothing patiently except their character.

We have in our office a splinter from the Board of Education, and a spool full of the thread of life.

Bad news for the girls—The manufacture of busses is taxed by the new law.

Independence in thought and action is a luxury far beyond the reach of poor folks.

THE CONFIDENCE OF THE PEOPLE.—The New York *Evening Post* of May 8th says:

The confidence of the people in the final triumph of our cause and the maintenance of the Government in all its majesty and force is no more figment of the imagination, which a breath can dissipate or a blow break in pieces. Checks and reverses may depress, but they cannot destroy it; they oftener, indeed, strengthen and ennoble. A fine illustration of this is found in the temper of the people under the news of yesterday, which there and elsewhere was firm and determined, as though no shadow had darkened our hopes. Everywhere the Government bonds stood firm, and in many places the sales were as large as on any previous day. In Philadelphia the subscription agent announces an aggregate sale of $700,000 of five-twenties, almost wholly by local subscription. Those subscriptions, be it remembered, were made directly in the face of the intelligence from Hooker's army. Who can doubt that the patriotism of the masses will yet, properly directed, bring the nation safely through its trials?

NASHVILLE UNION CLUB.—The Nashville *Union*, of May 10th, says of this Club:

The meetings of the Club are largely attended and are distinguished for their enthusiasm and good fellowship. The growth of the Club has been greatly increased since the adoption of the celebrated anti-slavery declaration. Previous to that time the applications for membership averaged about twenty-two per week for four weeks; since that time the applications have numbered forty per week, and the Secretary informed us yesterday that there are sixty applications now on hand. Slaveholders, who have never been suspected of harboring a thought adverse to the divine institution," have come forward and avowed their firm conviction that the system was an unmitigated curse, and incompatible with our Government. The Secretary informs us that he has not been notified of the withdrawal of any member since the declaration was published, nor has he heard of one member who has abandoned the Club on account of this enunciation of free principles.

Truly, this is an age of progress.

AN ARMY ON THE MARCH.—This spectacle I have seen. It is a novel one, and suggestive. What say you to droves of armed men, of a brigade or division, in a procession two or three miles long? Following them are regiments of cavalry and batteries of artillery; and, were the line kept unbroken, it would thus be lengthened a mile or so more. Then comes on a train of ambulances and wagons, numbering as high as 400, most of them drawn by four or six mules or horses! This will add two or three miles more, and you have a procession five or eight in length.—Such a one passed a point on the road where I was staying. It was over four hours passing, with but little stoppage, and the mules and horses certainly walked 24 miles per hour. If the road is dry, the cloud of dust thus kicked up is really prodigious. I have seen dust in Illinois—breathed it in the streets and suburbs of Chicago—but I never before wallowed in dust and ate it down in great gulphs, until getting mixed in with these army trains. This description of a procession refers only to one division or brigade, say 10,000 men, with their teams, etc. Imagine eight or ten such processions, and you see this great army in motion.—*Army Correspondence.*

Major T. T. Vietmont, of the 7th Kentucky cavalry, an officer of distinguished gallantry, says in a letter to a friend, a portion of which is published by the Paris (Ky.) *Citizen*:

As sure as you live, we are bound to be a united people, on a better and sounder basis than ever. You may say it to the stay-at-home fault-finders to dry up about the nigger and Old Abe. We are not Abolitionists, and are opposed to many of the President's acts, but this Government must stand, and while we give them steel in the front, *let you all do good duty at the ballot-box*, and all will be well.

It is high time the people of Kentucky would cease praying God—good devil—They cannot serve two masters, and they had as well make up their minds, first as last, to abide by the dear old flag, with every star and stripe inscribed upon it.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

Immense Sacrifice!!

SELLING OFF

To clear for a Brick Store!!!

The Entire Stock of

STATIONERY, &C.!

Worth $20,000!

School Books, Histories, Novels, Maps, Blank Books,

Letter Presses, Notary Public Presses;
Playing Cards, Blank Cards;
Diaries for 1863; Letter Paper;
Envelopes, Bankers' Cases;
Photographic Albums, Albums;
Twine of all kinds;
Fish Hooks and Lines;
Drawing Paper,
Drawing Instruments;
Card Board, Bristol Board;
Paints, Water Colors and Brushes, in boxes;
Musical Instruments, Music;
Shoe Brushes, Whitewashing Brushes;
Crumb Brushes, Horse Brushes,
Hair Brushes;
Powder and Powder Flasks;
Steam Gauges & Water Gauges;
Cutlery, Baskets, Dressing Cases,
Ladies' and Gents' Chess Men & Boards;
Fishing Lines, Trout Lines;
Cash Boxes and Deed Boxes,
Inkstands, and

SOMETHING OF EVERYTHING.

CHARLES BARRETT,
Wholesale and Retail Exporter.

Notice.

THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE Fourth of July Celebration request that any person who understands the preparation and management of Fireworks, will address a note or call upon W. S. Caldwell, Secretary of the Committee, at the County Clerk's Office. Portland, June 6, 1863. 1w

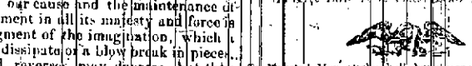
Board, or Board and Lodging

WANTED in a plain private family, by a young man. Address, stating terms
BOX 112 POST OFFICE.

WANTED,

ONE HUNDRED VOLUNTEERS

To Serve Three Years Unless Sooner Discharged.



To United Men, who will have served two years, or during the War, if sooner ended,

$100 will be paid as Bounty.

THE COMPANY WILL CONSIST OF ONE CAPTAIN, one First and one Second Lieutenant, one First Sergeant, one Quartermaster Sergeant, five Sergeants, eight Corporals, two Farriers or Blacksmiths, one Saddler, one Wagoner, and seventy-eight privates. Total, one Hundred Enlisted Men.

RATE OF PAY.	
First Sergeant, per month	$20 00
All other Sergeants	17 00
Corporals	15 00
Farriers or Blacksmiths	15 00
Privates and Buglers	13 00

In addition to the monthly pay as fixed with other volunteers, quarters, rations, clothing, medical attendance or clothing in sickness or health, will be furnished. When an enlisted man dies his legal representatives will be paid the value of clothing he will be entitled to at the time of his death. After being mustered into the service of the United States, the appointment of non-commissioned officers will be made.

Enlisted men will be sent to Fort Vancouver at Government expense, to be drilled and mustered into the service of the United States, when arms and clothing will be furnished.

Officers: Kingsley's Building, Front Street

JOHN F. NOLL,
Recruiting Officer.

Portland, Feb. 6th, 1863.

Commission and Purchasing AGENT,

SAN FRANCISCO,

ORDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF MERCHANDISE and articles of every description are solicited by the undersigned.

A residence in this city of over ten years, and a wide-spread acquaintance of nearly the same length of time, has secured for the undersigned the confidence of persons in the country who constantly require to make purchases here, through the agency of a disinterested party; or who may be looking for a permanent agent in San Francisco. To such the undersigned offers his services, and all orders or instructions addressed to him shall receive prompt and careful attention.

(3) Orders must be accompanied with the Cash or City References.

Those desiring information concerning the undersigned are referred to

WM. T. COLEMAN & Co., San Francisco.
H. H. HOWES & Co.,
O. LANDER, Druggist,
FLINT, PEABODY & Co.,
WM. F. BARNES,
ROSS, BENTLEY & Co.,
J. ANTHONY & Co., Union Office, Sacramento City,
And to the Proprietor of the *Oregonian*.

N. B.—Orders for Machinery, Wire Fences, Mowers & Reapers, Sewing Machines, Watches, Jewelry, &c., will be executed by competent judges.

L. L. FISHER,
Commission and Purchasing Agent,
620 Washington Street, up stairs,
Opposite Maguire's Opera House, San Francisco.

U. S. Mail Line!

FOR MONTICELLO, ASTORIA, AND OLYMPIA.

PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT!

THE STEAMER

COWLITZ,

Olson ——— Commander.

WILL leave Portland every morning at six o'clock, for Monticello.

The Steamer *Belle*, Capt. Downey, will leave Monticello for Astoria every Monday and Thursday, on the arrival of the *Cowlitz*. *Fare to Astoria*..... $4 00

Portland, Dec. 25th, 1862. dly

EVERY MAN TO HIS TRADE,

HAVING MADE A PERMANENT ENGAGEMENT with a Practical

Pattern-Maker

One who has served a regular apprenticeship at the business, I will furnish all ordinary Patterns used at my Foundry,

Free of Charge or Cost.

I have the Largest Stock of Patterns, of all varieties on the coast.

CASTINGS furnished on shortest notice.

Also, a large quantity of BABBITT'S METAL always on hand.
aug23dtf DAVID MONNASTER.

Ambrotypes, &c.

D. H. HENDEE, Artist

Is the Rooms in the same Building with F. H. Mitchell, Esq., late Glen and Prof. Schmidt,

Front Street, Portland.

WILL TAKE PICTURES, PUT PAPER OIL CLOTH and Iron, put up in Lockets, Rings, Pins, and large Variety of Good Style Cases, at prices lower than ever sold in Portland.

The best time for taking pictures of children is between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.

To County Clerks:

Marriage Certificates—Just received and for sale at the OREGON PAPER OFFICE.

Red Supervisor's Blanks—Specially got up to conform with the Road Law passed at the last session of the Legislature.
All orders promptly filled.

For Sale, to Arrive per Barque Industry.

20 TONS OF CHOICE BREWING BARLEY, to arrive per March 15th. HENRY LAW.

Quicksilver.

JUST RECEIVED 200 FLASKS QUICKSILVER, from the New Almaden Quicksilver Company, and for sale in quantities to suit by
TRACY & KING,
Feb. 4th, 1863. tf Agents, Portland.

GOLD PAID FOR GREENBACKS.

AT CHARLES BARRETT'S.

Look!

3 STATES PAPERS FOR 25 CENTS, at CHARLES BARRETT'S.

WAGON AND BUGGY BOWS, BUGGY SHAFTS, and WAGON MATERIAL, all on hand and For sale by HENRY LAW.

4000 FT CHOICE EASTERN BAR PLANK, For sale by HENRY LAW.

200 LARGE ASH POLES, FOR ON WAGONS, For sale by HENRY LAW.

3000 FT SECOND GROWTH EASTERN ASH PLANK, For sale by HENRY LAW.

Lime at Reduced Rates!

FRESH SANTA CRUZ LIME, for sale at Jobbing Prices by RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

5000 LBS CHOICE SIDE BACON, For sale by HENRY LAW.

HICKORY AXLES, shall sizes, For sale by HENRY LAW, 25 Front street, Portland.

Three States Papers for 25 Cents.

At CHARLES BARRETT'S.

50 BUSHELS TIMBER PEAS FOR SEED, For sale by HENRY LAW, 25 Front street, Portland.

BUTTER! BUTTER!

A PRIME LOT OF OREGON BUTTER IN SACKS packed in firkins, for sale by
Feb. 9th, 1863. tf RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

NO. 693.

By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales will be held at the land offices mentioned, and Offices in the Territory of Washington and the States of Michigan and Kansas, at the periods hereinafter designated, to wit:

In the Territory of Washington.

At the land office at VANCOUVER, commencing on **Monday, the Third (3) Day of August next,** for the disposal of the public lands hereinafter unoffered, situated in the following townships and parts of townships, viz:

North of the Base Line and East of the Willamette Meridian.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, including all of Vancouver Island except the western extremity, township 3, and 5, of range 1.

Fractional township 1, north of Columbia river, township 3, sections 13, 14, and 15, and sections 17 to 36, inclusive, of township 5, of range 2.

Fractional township 1, north of Columbia river, township 2, sections 4 to 9, inclusive, sections 17 to 21, inclusive, and sections 28 to 33, inclusive, of township 3, of range 3.

Fractional township 1, north of Columbia river, section 1, and sections 12 and 13, of township 3, of range 4.

Fractional township 1, north of Columbia river, sections 19, 20, 29, 30, and 31, of township 4, of range 5.

Fractional township 1, north of Columbia river, sections 1 and 2, the S. ½ of section 3, the S. ½ of section 4, the S. ½ of section 5, and sections 10, sections 13 to 15, inclusive, and sections 17 to 23, inclusive, of township 5, of range 6.

Fractional township 1, north of Columbia river, section 13, and sections 17 to 36, inclusive, of township 6, of range 7.

Fractional township 1, north of Columbia river, sections 1 to 5, inclusive, sections 8 to 17, inclusive, and sections 20 to 29, inclusive, of township 7, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 2, 25, 26, 27, 34, and 35, of township 2, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, and 34, of township 3, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 4, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 5, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 6, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 7, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 8, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 9, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 10, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 11, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 12, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 13, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 14, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 15, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 16, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 17, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 18, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 19, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 20, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 21, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 22, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 23, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 24, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 25, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 26, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 27, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 28, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 29, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 30, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 31, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 32, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 33, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 34, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 35, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 36, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 37, of range 8.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 38, of range 8.

North of the Base Line and West of the Willamette Meridian.

Fractional township 2, north and east of the Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 2, of range 1.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, including the Baskett Islands, and township 3, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 4, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 5, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 6, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 7, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 8, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 9, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 10, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 11, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 12, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 13, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 14, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 15, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 16, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 17, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 18, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 19, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 20, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 21, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 22, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 23, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 24, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 25, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 26, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 27, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 28, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 29, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 30, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 31, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 32, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 33, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 34, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 35, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 36, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 37, of range 2.

Fractional township 2, north of Columbia river, and township 38, of range 2.

North of the Base Line and West of the Willamette Meridian.

Fractional sections 1, 2, and 3, south of Cowlitz river, lots 1 and 2 of section 4, lots 1 and 2, the SW ¼ of NE ¼, the N W ¼, and the S. ½ of section 5, sections 6, 7, and 8, fractional sections 9 and 10, south of Cowlitz river, and section 11, of township 6, of range 1.

All of township 7, of range 1.

All of township 8, except military reservations on Mill Creek, of range 1.

All of township 9, except military reservations on Mill Creek, of range 1.

All of township 10, except military reservations on Mill Creek, of range 1.

All of township 11, except military reservations on Mill Creek, of range 1.

Sections 1 to 15 inclusive, sections 17 to 24 inclusive, and sections 29 to 32 inclusive, of township 5, of range 2.

Sections 1 to 5 inclusive, sections 8 to 17 inclusive, and sections 20 to 29 inclusive, of township 6, of range 2.

Sections 1 to 5 inclusive, sections 8 to 17 inclusive, and sections 20 to 29 inclusive, of township 7, of range 2.

Sections 1 to 5 inclusive, sections 8 to 17 inclusive, and sections 20 to 29 inclusive, of township 8, of range 2.

Sections 1 to 5 inclusive, sections 8 to 17 inclusive, and sections 20 to 29 inclusive, of township 9, of range 2.

North of the Base Line and West of the Willamette Meridian.

Fractional sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, east of the Columbia river, sections 6, 7, 18, 19, 30, 31 and 32, of township 7, township 8 and township 9, of range 1.

Fractional township 6, east of the Columbia river; fractional township 7; sections 1 to 15 inclusive, section 17 and 18, sections 21 to 28 inclusive, sections 33, 34 and 35, of township 8, of range 2.

Sections 1 to 24 inclusive, sections 29, 30, 31 and 32, of township 9, of range 2.

Fractional township 6, east of the Columbia river; fractional township 7; sections 1 to 15 inclusive, section 17 and 18, sections 21 to 28 inclusive, sections 33, 34 and 35, of township 8, of range 2.

Sections 1 to 24 inclusive, sections 29, 30, 31 and 32, of township 9, of range 2.

Fractional township 8, north of Columbia river, of range 3.

Fractional sections 18, 19 and 30, of township 8, of range 3.

Fractional township 8, north of Columbia river, of range 4.

Fractional township 9, north of the Columbia river, and township 10, of range 4.

Fractional township 9, township 10, and fractional township 11 and 12, of range 11.

At the Land Office at Olympia.

Commencing on **Monday, the thirteenth (13th) day of July next,** for the disposal of the public lands hereinafter unoffered, situated in the following townships and parts of townships, viz:

North of the Base Line and East of the Willamette Meridian.

The unsurveyed portion of township 12, township 16; fractional township 17, south and west of the Nisqually river; fractional township 18, west of the Nisqually river; all of township 19; except fractional portion east of Puget Sound and the Nisqually river; fractional township 20, all of sections 1, 11, and 12, township 23; fractional townships 24, 25, 28, 27, 28, 29, and 30; fractional township 32, except so much of township as is covered by Dr. C. M. Conner's military reservation; fractional township 33, the whole of township 34; south of Puget Sound, sections 1 to 15 inclusive, sections 17 to 22 inclusive, sections 27, 28, 29, 32, 33 and 34, of township 39, of range 1.

Fractional township, north and west of the Nisqually river, and the Nisqually reserve, fractional township 21, and 22, township 23, fractional townships 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30, fractional township 32, except so much of township as is covered by Dr. C. M. Conner's military reservation; fractional township 33, the whole of township 34, south of Puget Sound, sections 1 to 15 inclusive, sections 17 to 22 inclusive, sections 27, 28, 29, 32, 33 and 34, of township 39, of range 1.

Fractional township, north and west of the Nisqually river, and the Nisqually reserve, fractional township 21, and 22, township 23, fractional townships 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30, fractional township 32, except so much of township as is covered by Dr. C. M. Conner's military reservation; fractional township 33, the whole of township 34, south of Puget Sound, sections 1 to 15 inclusive, sections 17 to 22 inclusive, sections 27, 28, 29, 32, 33 and 34, of township 39, of range 1.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, section 13, and sections 17 to 36 inclusive, of township 5, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1 to 24 inclusive, and sections 29 to 32 inclusive, of township 6, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1 to 24 inclusive, and sections 29 to 32 inclusive, of township 7, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1 to 24 inclusive, and sections 29 to 32 inclusive, of township 8, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 9, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 10, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 11, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 12, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 13, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 14, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 15, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 16, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 17, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 18, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 19, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 20, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 21, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 22, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 23, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 24, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 25, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 26, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 27, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 28, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 29, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 30, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 31, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 32, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 33, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 34, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 35, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 36, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 37, of range 3.

Fractional township 19, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 38, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 39, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 40, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 41, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 42, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 43, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 44, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 45, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 46, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 47, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, of township 48, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 35, of township 49, of range 3.

Fractional township 20, north of Columbia river, sections 1, 2,